

Chromatic Reference Technical Documentation

Chromatic

The word "Chromatic" is rendered in a large, bold, sans-serif font. Each letter is filled with a different color from a rainbow spectrum, transitioning from yellow on the left to green on the right. The letters are outlined in black, giving them a 3D or embossed appearance.

Chromatic

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Chapter 1. Groovy implementation

1.1. Groovy port motivation

The Groovy integration with Chromatic serves two purposes

- Chromatic relies a lot on annotation processing available in the Java compiler at compile time, while the same feature is available in the Groovy compiler, the transformation performed are not the same.
- Follow Groovy best principles and idioms to make the integration the most natural possible according to what Groovy developers are used to.

1.2. AST Transformation

Thanks to Abstract Syntax Tree Transformation (AST), the program is transformed to adapt the metamodel at compile time without requiring developer intervention. In fact, through AST transformation a simple Groovy class containing Chromatic annotated properties is adapted to Chromatic model. The following operations are made at compile time to have a well formed Chromatic model:

- Create or modify getter and setter methods to comply to Chromatic
- Move field annotations to getter and/or setter annotations.
- Add a field `chromaticInvoker` of type `org.chromatic.spi.instrument.MethodHandler` (The same as the Java version).
- Create a getter for the field `chromaticInvoker` (used by the instrumentor to delegate the call to chromatic engine).
- Create or modify the default constructor to provide a protected accessibility.
- Create an initializer constructor for the field `chromaticInvoker`.
- Do implement the `GroovyInterceptable` interface by the class.
- Override the `invokeMethod(String methodName, Object parameters)` method (Delegate at the MOP level to the `chromaticInvoker` instance).
- Override the `getProperty(String propertyName)` and `setProperty(String propertyName, Object propertyValue)`

A simple input source file :

```
package org.chromatic.docs.technical.groovy

import org.chromatic.api.annotations.Name
import org.chromatic.api.annotations.Property
import org.chromatic.api.annotations.PrimaryType

/**
 * @author <a href="mailto:alain.defrance@exoplatform.com">Alain Defrance</a>
 * @version $Revision$
 */
@PrimaryType(name = "gs:page")
```

```

class Page {
    /**
     * The page name.
     */
    @Name def String name ❶

    /**
     * The page title.
     */
    @Property(name = "title") def String title ❷

    /**
     * The page content.
     */
    @Property(name = "content") def String content ❸
}

```

- ❶ The name property is mapped to the node name
- ❷ The title property is mapped to the title node property
- ❸ The content property is mapped to the content node property

The output source code after the AST Transformation :

```

package org.chromattic.docs.technical.groovy

import org.chromattic.api.annotations.Name
import org.chromattic.api.annotations.Property
import org.chromattic.api.annotations.PrimaryType
import org.chromattic.spi.instrument.MethodHandler
import org.chromattic.groovy.ChromatticGroovyInvocation

/**
 * @author <a href="mailto:alain.defrance@exoplatform.com">Alain Defrance</a>
 * @version $Revision$
 */
@PrimaryType(name = "gs:page")
class CompiledPage implements GroovyInterceptable { ❶
    /**
     * The page name.
     */
    ❷
    def String name

    /**
     * The page title.
     */
    def String title

    /**
     * The page content.
     */
    def String content

    private MethodHandler chromatticInvoker_; ❸

    protected CompiledPage() {} ❹
    public CompiledPage(MethodHandler chromatticInvoker) { ❺
        this.chromatticInvoker_ = chromatticInvoker;
    }

    ❻
    @Name
    public String getName() {
        return name;
    }

    public void setName(String name) {
        this.name = name;
    }

    @Property(name = "title")
    public String getTitle() {
        return title;
    }
}

```

```

public void setTitle(String title) {
    this.title = title;
}

@property(name = "content")
public String getContent() {
    return content;
}

public void setContent(String content) {
    this.content = content
}

❶
public Object invokeMethod(String m, Object p) {
    ChromaticGroovyInvocation.invokeMethod(this, m, p, chromaticInvoker)
}

❷
public Object getProperty(String p) {
    return ChromaticGroovyInvocation.getProperty(this, p, chromaticInvoker)
}

public void setProperty(String p, Object v) {
    ChromaticGroovyInvocation.setProperty(this, p, v, chromaticInvoker)
}
}

```

- ❶ Implements GroovyInterceptable
- ❷ The annotations were moved to the getter
- ❸ The method handler was created
- ❹ Default constructor become protected
- ❺ Initializer constructor was created
- ❻ Getter and setter has been generated
- ❼ Create invokeMethod method for MOP interception
- ❽ Create getProperty & setProperty method for MOP interception

1.3. Instrumentation

The Groovy port of chromatic requires its own instrumentor : `org.chromatic.groovy.instrument.GroovyInstrumentor` which allows to get the method handler of a given proxy instance (in Groovy, the proxy is the model instance).

Example 1.1. The GroovyInstrumentor class

```

/**
 * @author <a href="mailto:alain.defrance@exoplatform.com">Alain Defrance</a>
 * @version $Revision$
 */
public class GroovyInstrumentor implements Instrumentor {
    public <O> ProxyType<O> getProxyClass(Class<O> clazz) {
        return new GroovyProxyType(clazz);
    }

    public MethodHandler getInvoker(Object proxy) {
        try {
            return (MethodHandler) proxy.getClass().getMethod("getChromaticInvoker").invoke(proxy);
        }
        catch (NoSuchMethodException e) {
            throw new IllegalArgumentException(e.getMessage(), e);
        }
        catch (Exception e) {
            throw new AssertionError(e);
        }
    }
}

```

1.4. Instanciation

The instanciation was made by `org.chromattic.groovy.instrument.GroovyProxyType<O>` class. This factory use the initializer constructor to initialize the `chromatticInvoker` field with the Chromattic method handler (generated at compile time).

Example 1.2. The GroovyProxyType class

```
/**
 * @author <a href="mailto:alain.defrance@exoplatform.com">Alain Defrance</a>
 * @version $Revision$
 */
public class GroovyProxyType<O> implements ProxyType<O> {

    /** . */
    private final Constructor<? extends O> ctor;

    public GroovyProxyType(Class<O> clazz) {
        try {
            ctor = clazz.getConstructor(MethodHandler.class);
        } catch (Exception e) {
            throw new AssertionError(e);
        }
    }

    public O createProxy(MethodHandler handler) {
        try {
            return ctor.newInstance(handler);
        } catch (Exception e) {
            throw new AssertionError(e);
        }
    }

    public Class<? extends O> getType() {
        return ctor.getDeclaringClass();
    }
}
```

1.5. Chromattic core delegation

Any method invocation is redirected to a single entry point : the `org.chromattic.groovy.ChromatticGroovyInvocation` that forwards the Meta Object Protocol (MOP) call to the `MethodHandler`.

Example 1.3. The ChromatticGroovyInvocation class

```
/**
 * @author <a href="mailto:alain.defrance@exoplatform.com">Alain Defrance</a>
 * @version $Revision$
 */
public class ChromatticGroovyInvocation {
    public static Object getProperty(Object target, String m, MethodHandler handler) {
        return invokeMethod(target, GroovyUtils.getSetName(GroovyUtils.GetSet.GET, m), new Object[] {}, handler);
    }

    public static Object setProperty(Object target, String m, Object v, MethodHandler handler) {
        return invokeMethod(target, GroovyUtils.getSetName(GroovyUtils.GetSet.SET, m), new Object[] {v}, handler);
    }

    public static Object invokeMethod(Object target, String m, Object p, MethodHandler handler) {
```

```

Method method;
try {
    method = target.getClass().getMethod(m, args2Class(p));
} catch (NoSuchMethodException _) {
    try {
        method = foundMethod(target.getClass(), m, p);
    } catch (NoSuchMethodException _) {
        // If method cannot be found, the method is getter or setter and the field is public and not annotated by
        // We directly access to it.
        try {
            Field field = target.getClass().getField(GroovyUtils.fieldName(m));
            return field.get(target);
        } catch (Exception e) {
            throw new AssertionError(e);
        }
    }
}

// method exist
try {
    if (isChromaticAnnotated(method)) {
        return handler.invoke(target, method, (Object[]) p);
    }
    else
        return method.invoke(target, (Object[]) p);
} catch (RuntimeException re) {
    throw re;
} catch (Error e) {
    throw e;
} catch (Throwable t) {
    throw new AssertionError(t);
}
}

private static Class[] args2Class (Object objs) {
    List<Class> classes = new ArrayList<Class>();
    for (Object o : (Object[]) objs) {
        classes.add((o != null ? o.getClass() : Object.class));
    }
    return classes.toArray(new Class[]{});
}

private static Method foundMethod(Class<?> from, String m, Object args) throws NoSuchMethodException {
    for (Method method : from.getMethods()) {
        if (
            method.getName().equals(m)
            && method.getParameterTypes().length == ((Object[])args).length
            // TODO : maybe check parameter type
            ) return method;
    }
    throw new NoSuchMethodException("Cannot found " + from.getName() + "." + m);
}

public static boolean isChromaticAnnotated(Method method) {
    for (Annotation annotation : method.getAnnotations()) {
        if (annotation.toString().startsWith(GroovyUtils.ANNOTATIONS_PACKAGE, 1)) return true;
    }
    return false;
}
}

```